

Product Information

Description: This monoclonal antibody recognizes the SARS-CoV-2 Spike RBD (B.1.1.529, Omicron Variant) protein and neutralizes its interaction with ACE2 [Table of variants]. The human ACE2 receptor is found on the surface of type I and II pneumocytes, endothelial cells, and ciliated bronchial epithelial cells. ACE2 is known to mediate COVID-19 infection through direct binding of the SARS-CoV-2 Spike protein. This neutralizing antibody has been functionally tested using the Spike S1 RBD (B.1.1.529, Omicron Variant) (SARS-CoV-2):ACE2 Inhibitor Screening Colorimetric Assay Kit (BPS Bioscience #78339).

Concentration: 0.5 mg/ml

Specificity: The antibody recognizes the Omicron B.1.1.529 variant RBD domain. It has not been tested on other spike variants, on the S1 protein, or on the full-length Spike trimer.

Isotype: Human IgGk

Formulated In: 1X PBS, 0.2% BSA

Purification: Protein A affinity chromatography

Format: Aqueous buffer solution

Storage: Store in aliquots at -20°C. Stable for at least 6 months from date of receipt. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

MW: ~150 kDa

Assay Conditions: *The functional activity of the antibody was measured using "Spike S1 RBD (B.1.1.529, Omicron Variant) (SARS-CoV-2): ACE2 Inhibitor Screening Colorimetric Assay Kit" (BPS Bioscience, #78339). Experimental design:*

1. A flat bottom clear 96-well plate was coated with 50 µl of spike RBD protein (1 µg/ml diluted in PBS) and incubated overnight at 4°C.
2. The next day, the plate was washed three times with 1 x Immuno Buffer 1 and blocked with 100 µl of blocking buffer for 1 hour at room temperature with slow shaking.
3. The spike protein was preincubated with 50 µl of neutralizing antibody (using serial three-fold dilutions in duplicates, ranging from 200 nM to 0 nM). The neutralizing antibody was diluted in blocking buffer, 50 µl of diluted antibody was added to the plate and incubated for 30 minutes at room temperature with slow shaking. For the wells labeled "blank" and "positive control", 50 µl of blocking buffer was added instead of diluted antibody.
4. ACE2-Biotin (BPS Bioscience, #100665) was diluted to 1.5 ng/µl in blocking buffer and 50 µl was added to the wells containing spike protein and neutralizing antibody. 50 µl of blocking buffer was added to the wells labeled "Blank" instead of ACE2-Biotin. The plate was incubated for 1 hour at room temperature with slow shaking.
5. The wells were washed 3 times with 1 x Immuno Buffer 1. 50 µl of HRP-Streptavidin (BPS Bioscience, #79742) diluted in blocking buffer was added to all wells for 30 minutes at room temperature with slow shaking.
6. The wells were washed 3 times before addition of 100 µl of Colorimetric HRP Substrate (BPS Bioscience, #79651) to all wells.

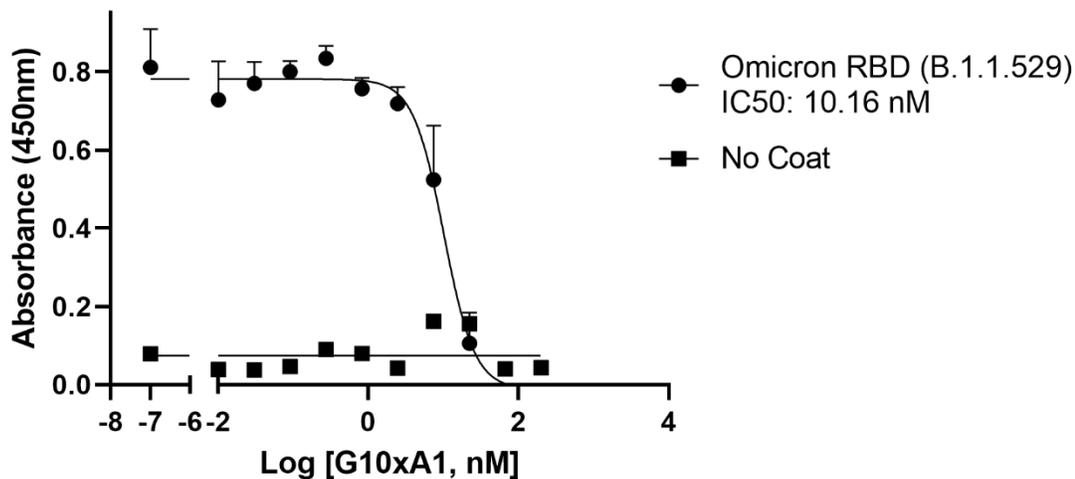
- The reaction was quenched with an equal volume (100 μ l) of 1N HCl.
- Absorbance was read at 450 nm. The "blank" value was subtracted from all other measurements.

Applications:

This product is for research use only. It is not suitable for human, diagnostic or therapeutic use. The monoclonal neutralizing IgG can be used for functional assays to block SARS-CoV-2 Spike protein and ACE2 binding.

Quality Control Data

Neutralization of SARS-CoV-2 Spike RBD (B.1.1.529, Omicron Variant)



Clone G10xA1 neutralizing antibody competes with and blocks the binding of ACE2-biotin and Omicron B.1.1.529 Variant RBD spike protein. The IC₅₀ of RBD:ACE2 neutralization is determined at various concentrations of the neutralizing antibody (200 nM to 0 nM, three-fold dilutions) following the assay conditions described above.

Related Products

<i>Products</i>	<i>Catalog #</i>	<i>Size</i>
Spike Neutralizing Antibody (Clone G10xA5) (SARS-CoV-2)	101327	100 µg
Spike S1 RBD (B.1.1.529, Omicron Variant) (SARS-CoV-2):ACE2 Inhibitor Screening Colorimetric Assay Kit	78339	96 reactions
Spike S1 Neutralizing Antibody (Clone C-A11) (SARS-CoV-2)	101024	100 µg
Spike Trimer Neutralizing Antibody (Clone hC-A11) (SARS-CoV-2)	101061	100 µg
ACE2, His-Avi-Tag, Biotin-labeled HiP™	100665	20 µg/50 µg
Spike S1 RBD, Avi-His-tag (SARS-CoV-2)	100696	100 µg/1 mg
Spike RBD (B.1.1.7 Variant), Avi-His-Tag (SARS-CoV-2)	100977	100 µg/1 mg
Spike Trimer (S1+S2), His-tag (SARS-CoV-2)	100728	100 µg/1 mg
Spike Trimer (S1+S2) (B.1.1.7 Variant), His-Tag (SARS-CoV-2)	510334	100 µg/1 mg
Spike S1 RBD (B.1.617.2, Delta Variant), Avi-His-Tag (SARS-CoV-2)	101153	100 µg/1 mg
Spike Trimer (S1+S2) (P.1 Variant), His-Tag (SARS-CoV-2)	100989	100 µg/1 mg
Spike Trimer (S1+S2) (B.1.617.2; Delta Variant), His-Tag (SARS-CoV-2)	101147	100 µg
Spike Trimer (S1+S2) (B.1.617.2.1, Delta Plus Variant), His-Tag (SARS-CoV-2)	101165	100 µg
SARS-CoV-2 Spike Trimer (S1+S2):ACE2 Inhibitor Screening Colorimetric Assay Kit	79999	96 reactions

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Concentration: 0.5 mg/ml

Specificity: The antibody recognizes the B.1.1.529 Omicron variant RBD domain. It has not been tested on other spike variants, on the S1 protein or on the full-length Spike trimer.

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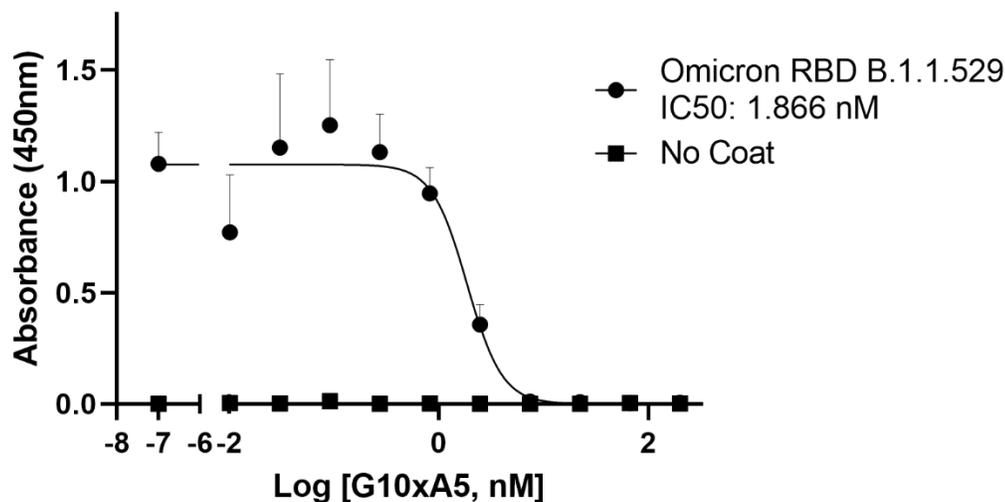
7. The reaction was quenched with an equal volume (100 μ l) of 1N HCl. 8. Absorbance was read at 450 nm. The "blank" value was subtracted from all other measurements.

Applications:

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Description

The Spike S1 RBD (B.1.1.529, Omicron Variant) (SARS-CoV-2): ACE2 Inhibitor Screening Colorimetric Assay Kit is designed for screening and profiling inhibitors or neutralizing antibodies of the interaction between the Omicron variant SARS-CoV-2 Spike RBD and human ACE2. This kit comes in a convenient 96-well format, with Biotinylated-ACE2, purified Spike RBD (B.1.1.529, Omicron Variant) protein (Avi-His-tagged), Streptavidin-HRP, and assay buffers for 100 reactions.

The assay requires only a few steps. First, SARS-CoV-2 Spike RBD (B.1.1.529, Omicron Variant) is coated on a 96-well plate overnight. After washing and blocking, the protein is pre-incubated with an inhibitor or neutralizing antibody. Upon subsequent incubation with Biotin-ACE2, the plate is treated with Streptavidin-HRP followed by addition of a colorimetric HRP substrate to produce color, which can be quenched and measured using a UV/Vis microplate reader.

Background

The COVID-19 pandemic is caused by Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2). The Spike glycoprotein is expressed on the surface of the virus as a trimer. Each Spike protein consists of two subunits, S1 and S2, and the S1 subunit contains the receptor binding domain (RBD) which recognizes and attaches to the ACE2 receptor found on the surface of type I and II pneumocytes, endothelial cells, and ciliated bronchial epithelial cells. **SARS-CoV-2 Variant B.1.1.529**, also known as Omicron variant, was originally discovered in South Africa and has recently become a global variant of concern.

Drugs targeting the interaction between SARS-CoV-2 Spike protein and human ACE2 may offer some protection against viral infection. The **SARS-CoV-2 Spike RBD (B.1.1.529, Omicron Variant) protein** in this kit consists of the RBD region of the S1 protein, which includes the ACE2 binding site.

Applications

This kit is useful for screening inhibitors of ACE2 binding to **SARS-CoV-2 Spike RBD (B.1.1.529, Omicron Variant)**

Supplied Materials

Catalog #	Name	Amount	Storage
	Spike S1 RBD (B.1.1.529, Omicron Variant), Avi-His-Tag (SARS-CoV-2)*	5 µg	-80°C
100665	ACE2, His-Avi-Tag, Biotin labeled *	2 x 5 µg	-80°C
79311	3x Immuno Buffer 1	50 ml	-20°C
79728	Blocking Buffer 2	50 ml	+4°C
79742	Streptavidin-HRP	5 µl	+4°C
79651	Colorimetric HRP substrate	10 ml	+4°C
	Transparent 96-well microplate	1	Room Temp

***The initial concentration of both ACE2 and Spike RBD is lot-specific and will be indicated on the tube containing the protein.**

Materials Required but Not Supplied

Name	Catalog #
PBS (Phosphate buffered saline)	
1N HCl (aqueous)	
Rotating or rocker platform	
UV/Vis spectrophotometer microplate reader capable of reading absorbance at 450 nm*	

Storage Conditions

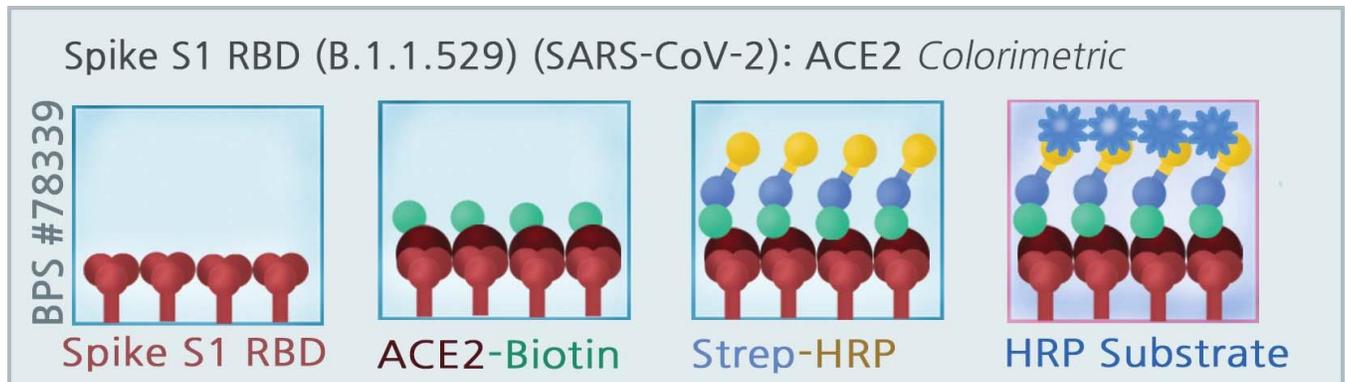


This assay kit will perform optimally for up to 6 months from date of receipt when the materials are stored as directed.

Safety



This product is for research purposes only and not for human or therapeutic use. This product should be considered hazardous and is harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin, eyes, clothing, and if swallowed. If contact occurs, wash thoroughly.



Contraindications

DMSO concentration in the final reaction should be $\leq 1\%$.

Assay Protocol

All samples and controls should be tested in duplicate. We recommend preincubating antibodies or protein inhibitors with the target protein prior to the addition of the binding partner. For small molecule inhibitors, preincubation may also be beneficial, depending on the experimental conditions.

Day 1: Coating the plate with SARS-CoV-2 Spike RBD protein:

- 1) Thaw the **Spike S1 RBD protein** on ice. Upon first thaw, briefly spin the tube to recover the full contents. This kit contains sufficient amounts of protein to assay one plate. *Note: Spike protein is very sensitive to freeze/thaw cycles. Avoid multiple freeze/thaw cycles. Do not freeze and re-use diluted Spike RBD protein.*
- 2) Dilute **Spike RBD protein** to 1 $\mu\text{g}/\text{ml}$ in PBS.

- 3) Add 50 µl of diluted **Spike RBD protein** solution to each well and incubate at 4°C overnight.

Day 2: Incubation

- 1) Prepare **1x Immuno Buffer** by diluting **3x Immuno Buffer** in distilled water.
- 2) After the overnight coating, discard the solution by flipping the plate over waste container or sink, then tap the plate onto paper towels. Wash the plate three times with 100 µl of **1x Immuno Buffer 1** per well. Tap plate onto clean paper towels to remove liquid.
- 3) Block the wells by adding 100 µl of **Blocking Buffer 2** to each well. Incubate for 1 hour at room temperature with slow shaking. Remove the blocking solution and tap to dry.

****Note there are two methods for steps 4-8 depending on your inhibitor****

If testing anti-Spike antibody as inhibitor, follow Steps 4-8 below:

- 4) Prepare dilutions of neutralizing anti-Spike antibody in **Blocking Buffer 2** to desired concentration (it is recommended to use serial dilutions). Prepare enough for 50 µl per well.
- 5) Add 50 µl of the diluted antibody to the “Test Inhibitor” wells. To wells designated “Blank” and “Positive Control”, add 50 µl of **Blocking Buffer 2**. Incubate the plate for 30 minutes (up to 1 hour) at room temperature with slow shaking.
- 6) Meanwhile, thaw the **ACE2-Biotin** on ice, and dilute it to 1.5 ng/µl in **Blocking Buffer 2**.

Note: ACE2-Biotin is very sensitive to freeze/thaw cycles. Avoid multiple freeze/thaw cycles. Do not freeze and re-use diluted ACE2-Biotin.

- 7) After the neutralizing antibody incubation, add an equal volume (50 µl) of diluted **ACE2-Biotin** to the wells labeled “Test Inhibitor” and “Positive Control”. Add 50 µl **Blocking Buffer 2** to the wells labeled “Blank”. At this step, there should be a total of 100 µl in each well. Incubate the plate at room temperature for another hour with slow rotation.

	Blank	Positive Control	Test Inhibitor
Blocking Buffer 2	100 µl	50 µl	-
Test antibody	-	-	50 µl
ACE2-Biotin (1.5 ng/µl)	-	50 µl	50 µl
Total	100 µl	100 µl	100 µl

- 8) After 1 hour, discard the solution and wash the plate three times with 1x Immuno Buffer 1

If testing a small molecule inhibitor, follow steps 4-8 below:

- 4) Prepare the test inhibitor in DMSO (or distilled water if soluble in aqueous solution), and further dilute it in distilled water at 10X testing concentration. (e.g. To test a compound at 10 µM, prepare the inhibitor in DMSO at 1 mM. Then make a 10-fold dilution in distilled water to obtain a 100 µM solution in 10% DMSO).

- 5) Add 5 µl to each well labeled “Test Inhibitor”. To the “Positive Control” and “Blank” wells, add 5 µl of the same diluent solution without inhibitor (e.g. 10% DMSO solution in water) so that all wells contain the same amount of DMSO. *Caution! – It is highly recommended that the final DMSO concentration should not exceed 1%. Organic solvents other than DMSO have not been validated in this assay, so use of these solvents must be optimized by the user.*
- 6) Thaw the **ACE2-Biotin** on ice, and dilute it in **Blocking Buffer 2** at 1.5 ng/µl. Prepare only the amount required for the assay; store the remaining **ACE2-Biotin** undiluted at -80°C.

Note: ACE2-Biotin is very sensitive to freeze/thaw cycles. Avoid multiple freeze/thaw cycles.

- 7) Add 20 µl of **Blocking Buffer 2** to the wells labeled “Blank”. Add 20 µl of diluted **ACE2-Biotin** to the wells labeled “Test Inhibitor” and “Positive Control”. Incubate the plate at room temperature for 1 hour with slow rotation.

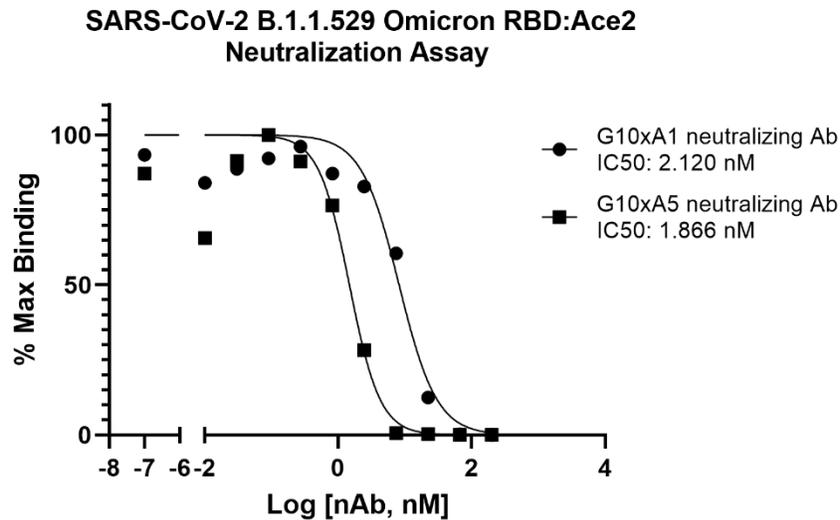
	Blank	Positive Control	Test Inhibitor
Blocking Buffer 2	45 µl	25 µl	25 µl
Test Inhibitor	-	-	5 µl
Diluent solution (no inhibitor) –usually 10% DMSO in water	5 µl	5 µl	-
ACE2-Biotin (1.5 ng/µl)	-	20 µl	20 µl
Total	50 µl	50 µl	50 µl

- 8) After 1 hour, discard the solution and wash the plate three times with 100 µl of **Blocking Buffer 2**. Tap the plate onto clean paper towels to remove liquid.

Day 2: Detection

- 9) Dilute **Streptavidin-HRP** 1000-fold with the **Blocking Buffer 2**, enough for 50 µl per well.
- 10) Add 50 µl of the **diluted Streptavidin-HRP** to each well and incubate the plate for 30 minutes at room temperature with slow rotation.
- 11) After 30 minutes, discard the solution and wash the plate three times.
- 12) Prepare enough 1N HCl (aqueous-stop solution) for 100 µl per well. *Note: alternatively, 2N H₂SO₄ or other compatible acidic solutions can be substituted.*
- 13) Add 100 µl of the **Colorimetric HRP substrate** to each well and incubate the plate at room temperature until blue color is developed in the ‘Positive Control’ wells. This usually takes 1-5 minutes. The optimal incubation time may vary, and should be determined empirically by the user. It is recommended that the reaction be stopped when the ‘Positive Control’ well is lower than ~ 1.0 absorbance at 450 nm (preferably ~ 0.6).
- 14) Once a blue color has developed in the ‘Positive Control’ well, add 100 µl of HCl stop solution prepared above to every well. The blue color should turn yellow.
- 15) Read the absorbance at 450 nm using UV/Vis spectrophotometer microplate reader.

Example Results



Inhibition of ACE2: SARS-CoV-2 Spike RBD (B.1.1.529, Omicron Variant) binding by an anti-SARS-CoV-2 Spike neutralizing antibody. Two anti-SARS-CoV-2 Spike neutralizing antibodies, G10xA1 (BPS Bioscience, #101326) and G10xA5 (BPS Bioscience, #101327) were evaluated using the Spike S1 RBD (B.1.1.529, Omicron Variant) (SARS-CoV-2): ACE2 Inhibitor Screening Colorimetric Assay Kit. The antibodies were serially diluted from 200 nM in 3-fold dilutions and tested following the assay kit protocol. Data shown is representative. For lot-specific information, please contact BPS Bioscience at support@bpsbioscience.com

General Considerations

“Blank” Control: The “Blank” control is important to determine the background absorbance in the assay. We recommend doing these in duplicate.

Troubleshooting Guide

Visit bpsbioscience.com/assay-kits-faq for detailed troubleshooting instructions. For all further questions, please email support@bpsbioscience.com

References

Hoffman M. *et al.*, SARS-CoV-2 Cell Entry Depends on ACE2 and TMPRSS2 and Is Blocked by a Clinically Proven Protease Inhibitor. *Cell* 2020; **181**:1-10.

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